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# CURRENT ISSUES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION SYSTEM AND PRIORITY AREAS OF DEVELOPMENT

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### **ABSTRACT**

The article considers Current issues of public administration system and priority areas of development. The experience of developed countries in the development of public administration system has been studied. The article analyses the strengths and weaknesses of the public administration system. Proposals for new projects to improve public administration have been developed.

**Key words:** public administration, system, priority areas, transparency and openness, e-government, economic growth and prosperity, public authorities, rule of law, reduce the possibility of corruption, new technologies.

**Introduction.** The modern world faces many complex challenges that require effective governance by the state. However, despite many years of efforts, the system of public administration still remains insufficiently effective and unable to solve many of the existing problems. In this article we will consider the main issues of the public administration system and propose priority areas for its development.

One of the main problems of the public administration system is the lack of transparency and openness. Citizens do not always have the opportunity to access information about the work of state bodies and control their activities. This leads to corruption and violation of citizens' rights. To solve this problem, it is necessary to introduce new technologies and systems that will make the work of state bodies more transparent and open.

Another problem is the inefficiency of public administration. Public authorities are not always able to respond quickly and effectively to changes in society and the challenges that arise. This is because the public administration system is often

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bureaucratic and incapable of innovation. To solve this problem, it is necessary to carry out reforms that will make the public administration system more flexible and adaptive to changes in society.

Also, one of the issues of the public administration system is insufficient participation of citizens in decision-making. Citizens do not always have the opportunity to influence the decision-making process and express their opinion on important issues. This leads to distrust in the authorities and deterioration of the quality of life of citizens. To solve this problem, it is necessary to carry out reforms that will increase the participation of citizens in decision-making and increase their responsibility for the future of their country.

The priority areas for the development of the public administration system are the introduction of new technologies and systems, increasing transparency and openness, carrying out reforms to improve the efficiency and flexibility of the system, and increasing the participation of citizens in decision-making. It is only through the joint efforts of the State and society that significant results can be achieved in the development of public administration and the solution of existing problems. The introduction of new technologies into the public administration system is one of the priorities of its development. The modern world is changing rapidly, and public authorities must be prepared to change and use new technologies to improve their performance.

**Methodology**. One of the main problems that can be solved by new technologies is the lack of transparency and openness. Electronic government (egovernment) systems allow citizens to access information about the work of government agencies and monitor their activities. This makes public institutions more transparent and open, and helps to combat corruption and violations of citizens' rights.

Another challenge that new technologies can address is the inefficiency of public administration. The use of project and programme management systems enables public authorities to respond quickly and effectively to changes in society

and to address problems that arise. Also, the use of automation and document management systems allows to speed up the processes in government bodies and make them more effective. However, the introduction of new technologies can also be a problem if government agencies are not prepared to use them. It is necessary to educate and train staff so that they can use new technologies effectively.

**Problem solution.** Thus, the introduction of new technologies into the public administration system is one of the priority directions of its development. It can help to solve many problems faced by the modern public administration system, but it requires readiness of public authorities to use them.

Public administration is an important tool that helps to ensure stability and prosperity in society. It includes many elements that work together to ensure that the state and its resources are managed effectively. In this article, we will look at the strengths of public administration.

The first strength of the public administration system is its ability to ensure law and order. Public administration creates and enforces laws that regulate the behaviour of people and organisations. It also enforces these laws, which makes people feel safe and secure. In addition, the system of government has the ability to punish those who break laws, which serves as an excellent deterrent to potential violators.

The second strength of public administration is its ability to generate economic growth and prosperity. The public administration system creates conditions for business development and investment, which contributes to economic growth. It also provides social protection that allows people to feel more confident about the future and spend more money on consumption.

The third strength of public administration is its ability to provide social justice. Public administration creates programmes and policies that help people who need help. It also protects the rights of minorities and ensures equal opportunities for all citizens.

The fourth strength of the public administration system is its ability to ensure national security. The public administration system builds and maintains the armed

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forces that protect the country from external threats. It also ensures the security of citizens by establishing police and other law enforcement agencies.

In conclusion, the public administration system has many strengths that make it necessary to ensure stability and prosperity in society. It ensures law and order, economic growth and prosperity, social justice and national security. Without it, our society would be unstable and chaotic, and we must value its importance and support its work.

Many countries are currently implementing new projects to improve public administration. These projects are aimed at increasing the efficiency and transparency of the work of State bodies, improving the quality of services provided and strengthening citizens' trust in the authorities.

One such project is the implementation of e-government. This means that public services will be provided through Internet portals and mobile applications. This will allow citizens to get the necessary services at any time and from any place, which will save time and reduce bureaucratic costs. In addition, e-government will ensure transparency in public administration and reduce the potential for corruption.

Another project is the implementation of a system for monitoring and evaluating the performance of public authorities. This system will make it possible to assess the performance of each body and identify problems in its work. This will improve the quality of services provided and increase citizens' confidence in the authorities.

Nowadays there are a range of countries are also working to improve budgetary management. This means that the budget will be based on strategic objectives and priorities rather than on current needs. This will make it possible to use public resources more efficiently and to improve the quality of services provided.

Finally, one of the most important projects is to strengthen citizens' trust in the authorities. This can be achieved by increasing the transparency of public administration, improving service delivery and ensuring social justice. It was also

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important to take citizens' views into account and engage in dialogue with them in decision-making.

In conclusion, the new public administration improvement projects are aimed at increasing the efficiency and transparency of the work of state bodies, improving the quality of services provided and strengthening citizens' trust in the authorities. These projects are an important step towards creating a stable and prosperous society.

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