



**JOURNAL OF ADVANCED
SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH**

ISSN: 0976-9595

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THE ROLE OF SCIENCE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIETY

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Abstract - The role of science in the development of society, its current state, the need to pass economic sciences in livestock education were discussed in the article.

Keywords - Society, Social Institute , Science, Economy , Agriculture , Small Business , Contract Contracts.

I. INTRODUCTION

The existence and continuous progress of society's life is determined by the activity of important social institutions. One such social institution is science. Science is of special importance due to its unique aspects, which are not typical of other social institutions, rational organization of society's life and effective solution of social problems. Science is distinguished among forms of social consciousness by its scientificity and high order. It includes activities related to the acquisition of new knowledge, as well as the product of this activity - knowledge that forms the basis of the scientific landscape of the world, and represents some areas of human knowledge. The direct goal of science is to describe, explain, predict the processes and events of this reality based on the discovery of the laws of the reality that is the subject of its study.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The following scholars have considered the role of science in the development of society in their research: Kokhanovsky V.P. [2], Kayumov F.K. [3], Minakov I. A., Kulikov N. I., Sokolov O. V. [4], Murtazayev O., Ahrorov F.B. [5].

III. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The methodological basis of the research was formed as a result of the study of theoretical and practical information, legislation and other legal documents, literary sources and publications. The research is based on the connections between theory and practice, but also made extensive use of methods such as analysis, comparison, and synthesis.

IV. ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

After all, the Russian philosopher V.P. Kokhanovsky defined that "Science is a form of spiritual activity of people who directly aim to understand the truth and discover objective laws by summarizing the real facts and in the direction of producing knowledge about nature, society and self-awareness"²⁰⁸. For this reason, it is accepted to define science as a highly organized and specialized activity for the production of objective knowledge about the world, including about man himself.

It is known that science and culture have been developing in the territory of Uzbekistan since ancient times. Currently, scientists of Uzbekistan are actively studying the scientific heritage left by the thinkers of the distant past, enriching science with their new discoveries, making a worthy contribution to the development of world science. As a result of the use of scientific and technical development in today's Republic of Uzbekistan, fundamental political, economic, spiritual and educational reforms are being rapidly implemented. A clear example of this is the great progress achieved in our country, especially as a result of economic reforms. In particular, at the basis of these processes, the importance of science and technology development is significant.

It is known that the importance of agriculture in the country's economy is huge. As a result of the application of science and technology development in the agricultural production of our republic, about one third of the gross domestic product and 95-97 percent of the food products are created. More than half of the country's total foreign currency income is accounted for by the export of agricultural products.

In recent years, special importance has been attached to the development of the livestock sector in our country. 90-92 percent of the livestock products grown in our country are grown on farms. However, the fact that the demand for feed of livestock is not fully satisfied is the reason for the low productivity, on the other hand, the service sectors and market mechanisms for the processes of growing, harvesting and preparing, transporting, storing, processing, packaging and selling these products are almost not formed, which leads to the death of a large part of them.

The mentioned problems can be solved by introducing innovative technologies that cover the processes from production to sale, such as "Smart Livestock", "Organic Livestock", "Livestock Logistics" centers, and "Livestock Cluster". The development and implementation of science-based projects on innovative technologies is a process that requires a large amount of funds to be carried out by highly qualified personnel, especially those who have the knowledge of agricultural economics and the management of economic entities. For this reason, it is planned to establish 450-500 innovative forms of production of "Intelligent Livestock Complexes", "Organic Livestock Complexes", "Livestock Logistics" centers, "Chorvaclusteri" in each of the next five years, as well as large-scale cattle and cattle breeding based on high technology that is being established now. , taking into account cocoon breeding, camel breeding, poultry breeding, fisheries, beekeeping, fur breeding complexes and enterprises, future specialists who are being trained in zoo-veterinary education should learn how to organize management in agricultural enterprises, contract relations in the agricultural economy, study production in farming networks, study production in the livestock network, organization of profits, income and expenses in economic enterprises, the order of formation of financial results in agriculture, farmer, multi-branch farmer and farmer farms, as well as "Intelligent Livestock", "Organic Livestock", "Livestock Logistics" centers, "Livestock Cluster" which are considered as an innovative form of economic management economic indicators of networks serving agricultural enterprises and their households, indicators of product production, processing and sales in agricultural enterprises, the procedure for

concluding contractual agreements, procedures for state registration of business activities and obtaining licenses, methods of managing and planning small businesses and entrepreneurial activities, to know and use the ways of attracting loans to small business and entrepreneurial activities, the essence of regulatory and legal documents on the organization and development of entrepreneurial activities, the development of the purpose and strategy of production, the organization of management and marketing information supply, the organization of internal planning, the control function of management it is impossible to train zoo-veterinarian specialists who can work competitively and successfully in the processes of deepening economic reforms in agriculture, including animal husbandry, and the transition to a market economy, without acquiring such a qualification, that is, without mastering economic sciences.

V. CONCLUSION/RECOMMENDATIONS

In conclusion, any increase in the wholesale prices of products of agricultural enterprises should be fully compensated by the increase in purchase prices of these products. As for the retail prices of the socially important products of the agro-industrial complex, they may be lower than the purchase prices, and the difference in the middle should be covered by the state or local budgets.

For this reason, we believe that the transfer of economic sciences to the future specialists who are being trained in the fields of animal husbandry education is a vital necessity.

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